

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name SILKOS TORINO

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Water-based acrylic-siloxane decorative paint for exteriors. Professional and home use.

Uses advised against Uses other than those indicated

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name OIKOS S.P.A. A SOCIO UNICO  
Full address Via Cherubini 2  
District and Country 47043 Gatteo Mare (FC)  
Italia  
Tel. 0547 681412  
Fax 0547 681430

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet certificazioniprodoti@oikos-group.it

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to NHS National Health Service 111

OIKOS S.P.A. a socio unico Company emergency number: 0547 681412  
Technical support - Monday to Friday from 8.00-13.00; 13:30 to 16:30

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms: --

Signal words: --

Hazard statements:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
EUH208 Contains: Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)  
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one  
May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements: --

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

## SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / &gt;&gt;

Coatings for exterior walls of mineral substrate.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition : 8,00  
Limit value: 40,00

This coating contains biocides with fungicidal and algacidal properties. Active ingredients: 3-Iodo-2-propinil-butylcarbammato CAS 55406-53-6; Zinc Pyriithione CAS 13463-41-7; Terbutryn CAS 886-50-0. Water used for washing work tools after application must not be released into the ground or into surface water.

## 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%.

## SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS 2634-33-5	$0,019 \leq x < 0,025$	Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC 220-120-9 INDEX 613-088-00-6		Skin Sens. 1 H317: $\geq 0,05\%$ LD50 Oral: >490 mg/kg bw, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 0,051 mg/l, STA Inhalation vapours: 0,501 mg/l
REACH Reg. 01-2120761540-60 Pyriithione zinc CAS 13463-41-7	$0,009 \leq x < 0,015$	Repr. 1B H360D, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, STOT RE 1 H372, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1000, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10 LD50 Oral: 221 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 0,501 mg/l
EC 236-671-3 INDEX 613-333-00-7 terbutryn CAS 886-50-0	$0,0079 \leq x < 0,009$	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100, EUH208 EUH208: $\geq 0,1\%$ , Skin Sens. 1B H317: $\geq 0\%$ STA Oral: 500 mg/kg
EC 212-950-5 INDEX Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1) CAS 55965-84-9	$0,00025 \leq x < 0,0012$	Acute Tox. 1 H330, Acute Tox. 2 H310, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100 Skin Corr. 1C H314: $\geq 0,6\%$ , Skin Irrit. 2 H315: $\geq 0,06\%$ , Skin Sens. 1 H317: $\geq 0,0015\%$ , Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 0,6\%$ LD50 Oral: >64 mg/kg bw, STA Dermal: 50,001 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 0,05 mg/l
EC 611-341-5 INDEX 613-167-00-5 REACH Reg. 01-2120764691-48 FORMALDEHYDE CAS 50-00-0	$0,0002 \leq x < 0,00115$	Carc. 1B H350, Muta. 2 H341, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: B, D Skin Corr. 1B H314: $\geq 25\%$ , Skin Irrit. 2 H315: $\geq 5\%$ , Skin Sens. 1 H317: $\geq 0,2\%$ , Eye Dam. 1 H318: $\geq 25\%$ , Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq 5\%$ , STOT SE 3 H335: $\geq 5\%$ LD50 Oral: 100 mg/kg, LD50 Dermal: 270 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: 0,588 mg/l/4h
EC 200-001-8 INDEX 605-001-00-5		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## SECTION 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**EYES:** Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

**SKIN:** Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

**INGESTION:** Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

**INHALATION:** Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

#### UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

#### SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

**SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## Regulatory References:

DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

**FORMALDEHYDE**

## Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	0,37	0,3	0,74	0,6	
VLA	ESP	0,37	0,3	0,74	0,6	
VLEP	FRA	0,37	0,3	0,74	0,6	
VLEP	ITA	0,37	0,3	0,74	0,6	
NDS/NDSch	POL	0,37		0,74		SKIN
WEL	GBR	2,5	2	2,5	2	
OEL	EU	0,37	0,3	0,74	0,6	
TLV-ACGIH			0,1		0,3	

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / &gt;&gt;

## Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

## Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	3,39	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	3,39	µg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	27	µg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	27	µg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	230	µg/l

## Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		110 µg/kg bw/d		90 µg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	40 µg/m3	NPI	20 µg/m3	NPI	40 µg/m3	NPI	20 µg/m3	NPI
Skin		NPI	NPI	NPI		NPI	NPI	NPI

## 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

## Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	4,03	µg/l
Normal value in marine water	403	ng/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	49,9	µg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	4,99	µg/kg
Normal value of STP microorganisms	1,03	mg/l

## Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation				1,2 mg/m3				6,81 mg/m3
Skin				345 µg/kg bw/d				966 µg/kg bw/d

## Pyrithione zinc

## Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	90	ng/l
Normal value in marine water	90	ng/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,0095	mg/kg/d
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,0095	mg/kg/d
Normal value of STP microorganisms	0,01	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	1,02	mg/kg/d

## Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Skin								0,010 mg/kg bw/d

## Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.  
VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

## HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / &gt;&gt;

## SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

## EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

## RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

## ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

## SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	pasty liquid	
Colour	White and the colour chart shades	
Odour	Feeble	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	> 100 °C	
Flammability	not flammable	
Lower explosive limit	Not applicable	
Upper explosive limit	Not applicable	
Flash point	Not applicable	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable	
pH	8-9	
Kinematic viscosity	Not available	
Dynamic viscosity	27000 cps	
Solubility	Mixable in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Density and/or relative density	1,65	
Relative vapour density	Not available	
Particle characteristics	Not applicable	

## 9.2. Other information

## 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

## 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :	0,63 % - 10,36	g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon)	0,18 % - 2,89	g/litre
Explosive properties	not applicable	
Oxidising properties	not applicable	

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

## FORMALDEHYDE

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / &gt;&gt;

Acqueous solutions are stabilised with methanol but tend to polymerise over time.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

## FORMALDEHYDE

Risk of explosion on contact with: nitromethane, nitrogen dioxide, hydrogen peroxide, phenoles, performic acid, nitric acid. May polymerise on contact with: strong oxidising agents, alkalis. May react dangerously with: hydrochloric acid, magnesium carbonate, sodium hydroxide, perchloric acid, aniline. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

## FORMALDEHYDE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

## FORMALDEHYDE

Incompatible with: acids, alkalis, ammonia, tannin, strong oxidants, phenoles, copper salts, silver, iron.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

## FORMALDEHYDE

When heated to decomposition releases: methanol, carbon monoxide.

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

## FORMALDEHYDE

LD50 (Dermal): 270 mg/kg Rabbit

LD50 (Oral): 100 mg/kg Rat

LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 0,588 mg/l/4h Rat

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6]

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / &gt;&gt;

(3:1) LD50 (Dermal): STA (Dermal):	1008 mg/kg bw (rat) 50,001 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 64 mg/kg bw 64-561 (rat) > 171 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 171-2360 (rat)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):	2000 mg/kg bw (rat) > 490 mg/kg bw 490-670 (rat)
Pyrithione zinc LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	221 mg/kg 0,14 mg/l/4h

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)  
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available



## SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / &gt;&gt;

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

## 12.1. Toxicity

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

LC50 - for Fish	> 190 µg/l 190-330
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 7 µg/l 7-160
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 6,3 µg/l 6,3-27,3
Chronic NOEC for Fish	46,4 µg/l 35 days
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 111 µg/l 11.1-1050

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

LC50 - for Fish	> 2,15 mg/l 2,15-22
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 2,9 mg/l 2,9-2,94
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 70 µg/l 70-150
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 40,3 µg/l 40-55

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Solubility in water	55000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one[EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)  
Rapidly degradable

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Rapidly degradable

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,35
BCF	< 1

Pyrithione zinc

BCF	1,4
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**SECTION 12. Ecological information** ... / >>

terbutryn  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,19  
BCF 103 calcolato

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

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Partition coefficient: soil/water 1,202

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

**SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

**CONTAMINATED PACKAGING**

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

**SECTION 14. Transport information**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

## 14.1. UN number or ID number

Not applicable

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

## 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

## SECTION 15. Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product</u>		
Point	3 - 40	
<u>Contained substance</u>		
Point	75	
Point	72	FORMALDEHYDE

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors  
Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Information not available

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

Coatings for exterior walls of mineral substrate.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

## SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity, category 1B
Muta. 2	Germ cell mutagenicity, category 2
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity, category 1B
Acute Tox. 1	Acute toxicity, category 1
Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H350	May cause cancer.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.

## SECTION 16. Other information ... / &gt;&gt;

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH208	Contains <name of sensitising substance>. May produce an allergic reaction.

## LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

## GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety

## SECTION 16. Other information ... / &gt;&gt;

- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

## Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

## CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

## Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.